



Вариант № 582

Инструкция по выполнению работы

Экзаменационная работа по английскому языку состоит из трех разделов, включающих 31 задание.

Раздел 1 (Чтение) включает 9 заданий, из которых 2 задания на установление соответствия и 7 заданий с выбором одного правильного ответа из четырёх предложенных. Рекомендуемое время на выполнение Раздела 1 - 30 минут.

Раздел 2 (Грамматика и лексика) включает 20 заданий, из которых 13 заданий с кратким ответом и 7 заданий с выбором одного правильного ответа из четырёх предложенных. При выполнении заданий с кратким ответом вы должны самостоятельно записать ответ в соответствующем месте работы. Рекомендуемое время на выполнение Раздела 2 - 40 минут.

По окончании выполнения заданий каждого из этих разделов не забывайте переносить свои ответы в Бланк ответов № 1.

Раздел 3 (Письмо) состоит из двух заданий и представляет собой письменную работу (написание личного письма и письменного высказывания с элементами рассуждения). Рекомендуемое время на выполнение заданий этого раздела работы - 80 минут. Черновые пометки можно делать прямо на листе с заданиями, или можно использовать отдельный черновик. Любые черновые пометки (черновик) не проверяются и не оцениваются. Оценке подлежит только вариант ответа, занесённый в бланк ответов № 2.

Все бланки ЕГЭ заполняются яркими чёрными чернилами. Допускается использование гелевой, капиллярной или перьевой ручек.

Общее время проведения экзамена - 150 минут.

Рекомендуется выполнять задания в том порядке, в котором они даны. Постарайтесь выполнить как можно больше заданий и набрать наибольшее количество баллов.

Желаем успеха!



Раздел 1.

Чтение

B2

*Установите соответствие между заголовками 1-8 и текстами А-Г. Занесите свои ответы в таблицу. Используйте каждую цифру **только один раз. В задании один заголовок лишний.***

- | | |
|--------------------------|------------------------|
| 1. Struggle for Survival | 5. Tourist Boom |
| 2. Ancient Wonder | 6. Agriculture Success |
| 3. Great Beginning | 7. Practical Invention |
| 4. Important Event | 8. Living Longer |

A. Computers have already revolutionized the way we live and work. But it is early days for computers. We do not know how much they are still changing the world. Already, Internet users can buy things and study holiday offers. It's much easier to edit and print documents using a PC. More computer wonders are yet to come.

B. Only a few years before men were walking on the moon, reputable scientists declared that it was impossible. But in 1969 Neil Armstrong stepped out of his space capsule and made his famous statement, "That's one small step for a man, one giant leap for mankind." However, progress in this area is slower now. Not as much money goes into research as in the 1960s.

C. Surely nothing has done more for the comfort and happiness of mankind than the advance of medical knowledge! Lots of people have benefited from the aspirin and lots of lives have been saved by penicillin. Surgeons can perform the most amazing operations. Average life expectancy in Europe has risen dramatically over the last hundred years.

D. In the past, a holiday used to mean simply a day when you did not work. Now millions of holidaymakers travel to all parts of the world. Perhaps, not all people like to see lots of tourists in their countries, but we must admit that a phenomenon which sees the population of Greece treble is a wonder of the world.

E. It is true that the Olympic Games are now commercialized and there is greed and drug abuse. However, it is a competition in which every country of the world takes part. Every four years, for a brief moment, we see these countries come together in peace and friendship. We see people from warring countries shake hands. We feel hope again for the future of mankind.

F. In 1724, Jonathan Swift wrote, "Whoever makes two blades of grass or two ears of corn grow where only one grew before serves mankind better than the whole race of politicians". In Europe farmers have done it and we produce enough food to feed the world. If only politicians could find a way to share it with those parts of the world where there is still famine.

G. The greatest wonder of the modern world is simply that we are still here. We have bombs that could destroy the world but we try our best not to use them. Because of people's effort no government dares to use such weapons. The year 2001 marked the 100th anniversary of the Nobel Peace Prize, the most famous attempt to raise awareness of the issues of war and peace.

A.	B.	C.	D.	E.	F.	G.



B3

Прочитайте текст и заполните пропуски A-F частями предложений, обозначенными цифрами 1-7. Одна из частей в списке 1-7 лишняя. Занесите цифры, обозначающие соответствующие части предложений, в таблицу.

Mobile phones

On New Year's Day, 1985, Michael Harrison phoned his father, Sir Ernest, to wish him a happy new year. Sir Ernest was chairman of Racal Electronics, the owner of Vodafone, **A**_____.

At the time, mobile phones weighed almost a kilogram, cost several thousand pounds and provided only 20 minutes talktime. The networks themselves were small; Vodafone had just a dozen masts covering London. Nobody had any idea of the huge potential of wireless communication and the dramatic impact **B**_____.

Hardly anyone believed there would come a day when mobile phones were so popular **C**_____. But in 1999 one mobile phone was sold in the UK every four seconds, and by 2004 there were more mobile phones in the UK than people. The boom was a result of increased competition which pushed prices lower and created innovations in the way that mobiles were sold.

When the government introduced more competition, companies started cutting prices to attract more customers. Cellnet, for example, changed its prices, **D**_____. It also introduced local call tariffs.

The way that handsets themselves were marketed was also changing and it was Finland's Nokia who made **E**_____. In the late 1990s Nokia realized that the mobile phone was a fashion item: so it offered interchangeable covers which allowed you to customize and personalize your handset.

The mobile phone industry has spent the later part of the past decade reducing its monthly charge **F**_____, which has culminated in the fight between the iPhone and a succession of touch screen rivals.

1. trying to persuade people to do more with their phones than just call and text
2. that there would be more phones in the UK than there are people
3. and relying instead on actual call charges
4. that mobile phones would have over the next quarter century
5. the leap from phones as technology to phones as fashion items
6. and his son was making the first-ever mobile phone call in the UK
7. the move to digital technology, connecting machines to wireless networks

A	B	C	D	E	F

Прочитайте текст и выполните задания A15-A21. В каждом задании обведите цифру 1, 2, 3 или 4, соответствующую выбранному Вами варианту ответа.

Today was a rice day, fifty-pound sacks of white rice in trucks bearing an elephant logo. The same happy elephant appeared on the bags, its head raised to the sky, the trunk curved like an S. "Elephant," Todd said. He said it because a labourer was staring at it intently, which meant he wasn't working. "That's right," the man said. "I couldn't remember the word." He was the only other human at the loading dock this morning. The man didn't have a name, just a number, like the rest of the robots.



That could be me, Todd thought as he watched him work side by side with his silent mechanical counterparts, lifting, carrying, and dropping bags of rice from the back of the truck to the warehouse. A bad car accident, a bad fall from a ladder, and that could be me. Or a bad memrip.

At lunch, Todd thought of things he could sell. Everything he owned of any value, he could touch: his grandfather's watch, his grandmother's wedding ring, a gold necklace belonging to some forgotten relative. His car, too, but that was out of the question as he needed it to work. He got up from his chair and scanned the floor below, the robots still working away, a sea of metallic shoulders rising and falling in unison, strangely beautiful in a way. Over by the forklift sat 8831, his eyes as blank as the piece of bread he was eating.

Two weeks from today was Todd's thirtieth wedding anniversary, and even if he were to pawn the watch, the ring, and the necklace, he knew he wouldn't even come close to having enough for Paris. That's where Sue had wanted to go for as long as he could remember. They didn't have the money to honeymoon there, but that was okay because back then, there had been plenty of time. They were young, both healthy and working, so they would save a little here and there and in a couple of years, they would be walking up to the Eiffel Tower at night arm in arm, find themselves underneath the arch and look up at the beacon that shines on this city of lights.

But then came two sons and three recessions and a second mortgage. A hysterectomy for her, a double bypass for him, and now here he was, nine years short of retirement, supervising a team of robots and a retarded man, thinking about folks who could sell things they couldn't touch, like stocks and bonds and whatever else he couldn't even fathom, people with money who would pay to experience another's most cherished moments.

Silly. That would be Sue's word for it if this were a story she'd overheard. For a trip, what a silly thing to do. But it was more than a trip. It was their life together. There was life and there was death, and it seemed to Todd that if he waited any longer, there wouldn't be any difference between the two.

He opened the filing cabinet and rifled through the folders. Name: Lopez, Manny. Age: 46. Tax Status: Married. In all the years he'd been here, only a handful of human workers had come and gone. All of them were handicapped in some way; they came through the city welfare program, and 8831 was no exception.

Manny's wife picked up on the second ring. Todd told her who he was, and after he assured her that her husband was not hurt, he was fine, he was a great worker, he asked her what he wanted to know. She listened without interrupting him; then there was a lengthy silence.

"Why?" she asked.

"Does it matter?"

"I can report you."

"I know." More silence.

"He did it because he loved me. Loved," she said, hardening. "Not loves."

"I heard you."

Then she hung up, and for the rest of the day, Todd replayed the conversation in his mind. Should he have lied to her, made up some story about a sick mother, a dying child? He wasn't good at talking, especially on the phone. People thought he was unfriendly, hostile. A woman once told him his voice sounded like broken stones



rattling in a cage.

The horn blared at five, time for the two humans to go home and the robots to be reconditioned and put in standby.

A15 That morning, at the loading docks

- 1) there were only robots.
- 2) there was only one human.
- 3) there were two people.
- 4) there were a handful of people.

A16 At lunch Todd was thoughtful because

- 1) he needed money for a trip.
- 2) he owned a lot of valuable things.
- 3) he wanted to pawn the watch, the ring, and the necklace.
- 4) he needed a new car to work.

A17 Todd and his wife didn't worry that they had no money to honeymoon in Paris because

- 1) they had already been there.
- 2) they planned to go there the following year.
- 3) they didn't want to go there.
- 4) they were ready to earn money for this trip.

A18 Todd and Sue had not been to Paris yet because

- 1) Tom was about to retire.
- 2) they had had more important things to spend money on.
- 3) Tom was always busy supervising a team of robots.
- 4) Sue thought it was a silly idea.

A19 Manny Lopez was

- 1) a robot.
- 2) a welfare officer.
- 3) mentally disabled.
- 4) an exception.

A20 Todd called Manny's wife because he wanted

- 1) to get acquainted with her.
- 2) to know whether Manny loved her.
- 3) to find out what had happened to Manny.
- 4) to tell Manny's wife that he was a great worker.

A21 Todd was

- 1) a sociable person.
- 2) hostile to people.
- 3) thinking about the conversation with Manny's wife the whole day.
- 4) bad at communicating with people.

*По окончании выполнения заданий **B2, B3** и **A15–A21** НЕ ЗАБУДЬТЕ ПЕРЕНЕСТИ СВОИ ОТВЕТЫ В БЛАНК ОТВЕТОВ № 1! ОБРАТИТЕ ВНИМАНИЕ, что ответы на задания **B2, B3, A15–A21** располагаются в разных частях бланка. При переносе ответов в заданиях **B2** и **B3** **последовательность цифр** записывается без пробелов, знаков препинания и буквенных символов.*



Раздел 2. Грамматика и лексика

Прочитайте приведённые ниже тексты. Преобразуйте, если необходимо, слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами **B4-B10**, так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текстов. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию из группы **B4-B10**.

My cousin, Tony, got in a lot of trouble last summer. Tony is eighteen and in college. He doesn't have his own car; he drives his **B4**_____ car.

PARENT

Tony went to a party and drank three or four cans of beer. When he **B5**_____ home, a police car signaled him to pull over. Tony **B6**_____ to show the police officer his license and get out of the car. The police officer smelled the beer on his **B7**_____. Tony walked a straight line and took a Breathalyzer test.

**DRIVE
HAVE**

BREATHE

The police decided that he had above the legal limit of alcohol, so they arrested him and took him to the police station. After they **B8**_____ at the police station, Tony called his parents. His parents came to the station to pick him up so he had to spend the night in jail.

ARRIVE

The next month, Tony went to court. This was his **B9**_____ offense, so he didn't give up his license, but the judge **B10**_____ him on probation for six months. He paid \$500 fine. He also spent thirty hours at a local boys' club as a youth volunteer.

**ONE
PUT**

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Образуйте от слов, напечатанных заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами **B11-B16**, однокоренные слова так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию из группы **B11-B16**.

Tourism in Britain

Every year more than eleven million tourists visit Britain. In fact, tourism is an **B11**_____ industry, employing thousands of people.

IMPORTANCE

Most **B12**_____ come in the summer months when they can expect good weather.

VISIT

Tourists **B13**_____ spend a few days in London, then go on to other well-known cities.

USUAL

Perhaps the least visited places in England are old **B14**_____ towns.

INDUSTRY

But many people think that nineteenth-century cities show the **B15**_____ of Britain.

REAL

The **B16**_____ of the past is to be still seen in their old streets.

GREAT



Прочитайте текст с пропусками, обозначенными номерами A22-A28. Эти номера соответствуют заданиям A22-A28, в которых представлены возможные варианты ответов. Обведите номер выбранного Вами варианта ответа.

Be Proud of Your Age!

“Young, wrinkle-free skin in two weeks!” “Cover up that gray hair!” “Keep your body fit and young!” Everywhere we look, ads **A22** _____ that it is best to do everything we can to stay young. Loudly, the ads **A23** _____ one idea over and over: young is good and old is bad. The message is that we must **A24** _____ getting older as long as possible.

Sadly, what happens is that as people age, they become unhappy because they don't look twenty anymore. But does this make sense? Wouldn't it be more **A25** _____ if we liked ourselves, no matter what our age? Wouldn't we all **A26** _____ if we could accept our wrinkles, gray hair, and middle-age bodies? After all, life is meant to be enjoyed, no **A27** _____ how old we are. Why should we feel bad about looking the age we really are? If we keep seeing life as a race against time, we will end up feeling like **A28** _____.

- | | | | | |
|------------|------------|---------------|---------------|-------------|
| A22 | 1) reply | 2) claim | 3) react | 4) ask |
| A23 | 1) copy | 2) supply | 3) emphasize | 4) promise |
| A24 | 1) deny | 2) delay | 3) absorb | 4) cancel |
| A25 | 1) stupid | 2) improbable | 3) wrong | 4) logical |
| A26 | 1) benefit | 2) remain | 3) waste | 4) increase |
| A27 | 1) matter | 2) business | 3) affair | 4) deed |
| A28 | 1) genius | 2) failure | 3) successful | 4) losers |

По окончании выполнения заданий В4-В16, А22-А28 не забудьте перенести свои ответы в бланк ответов № 1! Обратите внимание на то, что ответы на задания В4-В16, А22-А28 располагаются в разных частях бланка. При переносе ответов в заданиях В4-В16 буквы записываются без пробелов и знаков препинания.

Раздел 3.

Письмо

Для ответов на задания С1 и С2 используйте бланк ответов № 2. Черновые пометки можно делать прямо на листе с заданиями, или можно использовать отдельный черновик. При выполнении заданий С1 и С2 особое внимание обратите на то, что Ваши ответы будут оцениваться только по записям, сделанным в бланке ответов № 2. Никакие записи черновика не будут учитываться экспертом. Обратите внимание также на необходимость соблюдения указанного объёма текста. Тексты недостаточного объёма, а также часть текста, превышающая требуемый объём, не оцениваются. Запишите сначала номер задания (С1, С2), а затем ответ на него. Если одной стороны бланка недостаточно, Вы можете использовать другую его сторону.

**C1**

You have received a letter from your English pen friend Mary who writes:

...In your previous letter you told me that you had joined your school Literature Club. I wonder what you do at your club meetings. Can I help you in any way? As for me, I enjoy reading very much and I would be really interested to know about famous Russian writers. Who is your favourite writer at the moment? Have you got enough time for reading? ...

Write a letter to Mary.

In your letter

- answer her questions and tell her about your Literature Club
- ask **3 questions** about her reading preferences

Write **100–140 words**.

Remember the rules of letter writing.

C2

Comment on the following statement.

Some people think that life-long friendship exists only in books and films. Others believe that it exists in real life.

What is your opinion?

Write **200–250 words**. Use the following plan:

- make an introduction (state the problem)
- express your personal opinion and give reasons for it
- give arguments for the other point of view and explain why you don't agree with it
- draw a conclusion